## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device, comprising:

forming a liquid crystal panel including first and second substrates;

forming a ferroelectric liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates of the liquid crystal panel;

cooling the liquid crystal panel so as to produce monostable alignment of the ferroelectric liquid crystal; and

heating the cooled liquid crystal panel substantially to room temperature.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] 23, wherein the temperature includes a range around -20°C.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal layer includes an anti-ferroelectric liquid crystal layer.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the smectic phase includes a chiral smectic C.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the smectic phase includes a chiral smectic C<sub>A</sub>.

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6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first substrate includes a transparent material.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a step of forming a pixel

electrode on the first substrate.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a step of forming a thin film

transistor on the first substrate.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a step of forming a color filter

on the second substrate.

10. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device,

comprising:

forming a liquid crystal panel having a first substrate and a second substrate;

interposing a ferroelectric liquid crystal layer comprised of liquid crystal molecules,

between the first substrate and the second substrate;

cooling the liquid crystal layer to form a monostable alignment of the liquid crystal

molecules; and

heating the cooled liquid crystal layer substantially to room temperature.

Claim 11 (Canceled).

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12. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device according to claim 10, wherein the liquid crystal layer is cooled below a smectic phase temperature.

- 13. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device according to claim 12, wherein the liquid crystal layer is subsequently heated above the smectic phase temperature.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device according to claim [[12]] 24, wherein the liquid crystal layer is cooled to about -20C.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device according to claim 10, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal layer includes an antiferroelectric liquid crystal layer.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device according to claim 10, wherein the smectic phase includes a chiral smectic C.
- 17. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device according to claim 10, wherein the smectic phase includes a chiral smectic  $C_A$ .
- 18. (Previously Presented) A method of improving the contrast ratio of a liquid crystal display device, comprising:

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forming a liquid crystal panel having a first substrate, a second substrate, and an interposed ferroelectric liquid crystal layer that is comprised of liquid crystal molecules;

cooling the liquid crystal layer to form a monostable alignment of the liquid crystal molecules;

heating the cooled liquid crystal layer substantially to room temperature; and passing light through said liquid crystal panel.

Claim 19 (Canceled).

- 20. (Previously Presented) A method of improving the contrast ratio of a liquid crystal display device according to claim 18, wherein the liquid crystal layer is cooled below a smectic phase temperature.
- 21. (Previously Presented) A method of improving the contrast ratio of a liquid crystal display device according to claim 20, wherein the liquid crystal layer is subsequently heated above the smectic phase temperature.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the liquid crystal panel is cooled below a smectic phase temperature.
- 23. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal layer includes 2-methylbutyl p-[p(decyloxybenzylidene)-amino]-cinnamate (DOBAMBC).

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24. (New) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device according to claim 10, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal layer includes 2-methylbutyl p[p(decyloxybenzylidene)-amino]-cinnamate (DOBAMBC).

25. (New) A method of improving the contrast ratio of a liquid crystal display device according to claim 18, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal layer includes 2-methylbutyl p-[p(decyloxybenzylidene)-amino]-cinnamate (DOBAMBC).